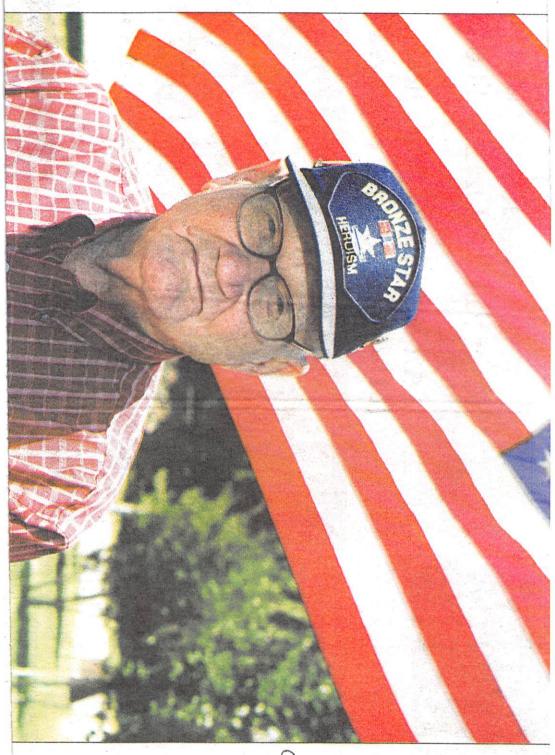
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RIVER VALLEY & OZARK EDITION

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Garland Gable served in the 69th Infantry Regiment during World War II and earned several medals during the war. A native of Beebe, Gable was not a churchgoer until he attended a revival in 1953 that led him to organize and build three Baptist churches in Arkansas. CURT YOUNGBLOOD/RIVER VALLEY & OZARK EDITION

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Conway resident recounts horrific World War II battles

Garland Gable

Conway resident recounts horrific World War II battles

BY DANIEL A. MARSH Staff Writer

arland Gable recounted horror after horror from World War II with a clarity and calm that belied his 86 years. Only occasionally would he "slip a gear," he said, referring to his difficulty remembering the events of 1945, the year he served with the famous Fighting 69th.

"I have shell shock," he said. "I saw sergeants, majors and captains with it. It was nothing to be ashamed of — you just didn't tell anybody."

The Beebe native fought on a multitude of European battlefields, surviving bomb blasts, sniper attacks and German machine-gun fire, only to return home with a tendency to "jump out of my skin," he said.

After the war, Gable returned to Beebe to resume an education interrupted first by years of work, then by the war. He later "answered the call"



They were training us for combat. It was hot, and it was tough. Some guys passed out, and you never saw them again. I was used to it."

GARLAND GABLE

Calle and be a few

to go into the ministry, and organized and built three Baptist churches in Arkansas. He and his wife, Martha, now reside in Conway.

"I grew up on a farm," Gable said.
"I was the oldest of seven children. My father was a sharecropper. He worked for 50 cents a day. He'd leave before I got up, and he'd come in after I went to bed. I started hauling wood when I was 12 to 14 years old to help buy groceries.

"I missed a lot of school. When it was time to fix the land for planting, I had to be there. When it was time to harvest, I had to be there. We raised what we ate. Those were Depression days."

He remembered someone once promising his father, George, "There is a man somewhere living on bitterweed and a cracker a day waiting for your job." Gable said he often worked from daylight to dark.

On basic training at Camp Robinson in 1944

"I had to work harder than most kids," he said.

He first became aware of global events when he heard about the bombing of Pearl Harbor on Dec. 7, 1941.

"I didn't know where Pearl Harbor was," he said. "When I turned 14, in

SEE GABLE, PAGE 5V

must be observed. Kids

ing Day at the AGFC's fi

hatcheries will be from 9

2 p.m. Saturday. There a

similar youth fishing der

tivities slated for other loa

visit www.agfc.com.

To find out more, c

GABLE

Continued from Page 4V

1940, I thought the war was a long way off and I would never fight in it."

He registered with the armed services when he turned 18, and received his "letter from Uncle Sam" shortly after.

"The letter told me I had to go for my examination," he said. "I went to Little Rock for it - I had never been to Little Rock. There was a rock house on Center Street off Markham - it's still there. Twenty-five of us lined up in the basement, and we pulled off every stitch. Well, they just looked at us; they didn't really examine us.

"Some guy told me that if they ask which branch of service you wanted, you said 'Army' if you wanted Navy and vice versa," Gable said. "Well, I couldn't swim, so I didn't want the Navy. I asked for the Army, and I got it."

Gable said he was ordered to report for basic training at Camp Robinson in North Little Rock.

"We lived in a rural area, down a dirt road, three miles outside Beebe," he said. "I had to wake up at 5 a.m. to catch the bus for Camp Robinson. Well, it was stormy that morning, with lightning, and the tle of the Bulge. wind was blowing. Dad told



CURT YOUNGBLOOD/RIVER VALLEY & OZARK EDITION

After earning several medals while serving in the U.S. Army during World War II, Garland Gable returned home to Beebe and raised a crop on the family farm with his father. After learning several trades, Gable wound up deciding to become a preacher.

submarine had followed us. It blew up one of the ships guys from Shelby."

1944 in England, which that year was experiencing the there!" coldest winter in a century, he said. Members of the regiment were called to the front lines to fight in the Ardennes Counteroffensive, or the Bat-

"We rode through freezing me to catch one of our horses rain in a truck with no top,"

were informed that a German ran like a sewing machine. I took it about 300 yards down this road; then I got off it and that was carrying some of the turned it around. A German on a ridge opened up on me, Gable spent Christmas and as far as I know, that motorcycle is still sitting

> Gable recounted a harrowing encounter with a German tank while crossing an open field outside the city of Weissenfels, Germany. The tank know." opened fire with a machine

"I took off across that sons, Wesley and Jeff.

much to finish his education. He learned several trades, and then became reaquainted with his future wife, Martha, who'd gone to the same school in Beebe.

"Some kids had all gone out to the water pump, and Martha was the last one in line," he said. "I had a car, so I said to her, 'How about a show?' She said, 'I don't

The couple married in December 1947 and have two

Free Fishing Weeker runs Friday-June 10

LITTLE ROCK — The Ar- daily, slot and length limi kansas Game and Fish Commission has announced that its annual Free Fishing Weekend will begin at noon Friday and extend through midnight June 10. During the event, which is held in conjunction with in the state. National Fishing and Boating Week, a celebration coordinat- AGFC at (800) 364-GA ed by the Recreational Boating and Fishing Foundation, both residents and nonresidents may fish without fishing licenses or trout permits.

Regulations for all Arkansas waters apply, however, including

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mg, with nghining, and the wind was blowing. Dad told me to catch one of our horses and ride it to town, and once I got there, to turn the horse loose and it would come back wasn't life-threatening - and of us." that I'd come back."

He said he and about 35 line every morning. other raw recruits got off the bus at Camp Robinson "scared to death." When he traded his civilian clothes for fatigues, he said everything fit but the shoes.

these were size 12-13! The sergeant told us to fall out, and I fell out in my slippers. When he asked me where my shoes were, I told him I'd jumped straight up out of them."

work toughened him for the started." rigors of basic training.

combat," he said. "It was hot, and it was tough. Some guys passed out, and you never saw them again. I was used it until it got infected. I asked to it."

He completed training on June 6, 1944, then was sent to Camp Shelby in Hattiesburg, Miss., for further training. The 69th Infantry Regiment, or Fighting 69th, a military unit dating back to 1849, was training there. It became Ga- stiff German resistance. ble's unit.

Fighting 69th shipped out for American boys, then surren-England from New York.

"When you woke up,

"We rode through freezing rain in a truck with no top. Gable said. "We rode and rode. The snow was 8 inches deep. Then we had to walk home. I rode through that a good distance. We relieved storm thinking I'd do what the 99th Infantry Division, they asked of me, to the best and we were on the front with of my ability - as long as it nothing but Germans ahead ing.

"They fired everything they had at us, and our orders camps. were to answer."

He said that one morning, while manning his position in a slip trench, he heard "I wore about a 10 1/2, but something coming down in the trees behind him

"There was an explosion, and the concussion blew me out of the trench," Gable I jumped up and got back like that." Gable said years of farm in my hole. From there, hell

"They were training us for which a piece of shrapnel tore

"I didn't tell anybody about were fortified. permission to go to the firstaid station, but while I was on my way there, we came under attack. I ran back to my men."

As 1945 wore on, the regiment fought its way from town to town, encountering other oncoming tanks.

"The Germans would fight Gable and the rest of the just long enough to kill a few der," Gable said.

you couldn't see anything ing its way into a village, the America, Gable found it diffi-

"I took off across that sons, Wesley and Jeff. field," Gable said. "I didn't get a scratch."

He sustained such a serithat he has no memory of vival," he said. "The Lord several hours of fierce fight- spoke to me, and I decided

Along the way to Leipzig, The Germans shelled the the scene of some of the be the superintendent of bloodiest fighting, the regiment encountered death class.

> to kill their guards," he said. "They'd been worked and said they hadn't bathed in Rock. three years.

"I was 19 when I saw that. said. "My helmet went to the I don't know how I felt about right, and I went to the left. it. I hadn't expected anything

In Leipzig, Gable said, he saw the worst fighting He recounted a battle in at Napoleon's monument, a 300-foot-tall structure made off the tip of his right middle of granite and concrete in which elite German officers

> "The artillery shells would bounce off the walls," Gable said.

> Tanks covered with American soldiers converged on the monument, and as the soldiers were shot, they rolled off the tanks into the path of

The 69th - and Gable - survived Leipzig to eventually meet the Russians on the banks of the Elbe River at the conclusion of World One morning, after fight- War II. When he returned to

cember 1947 and have two

Gable said he never went to church until 1953.

"I came in from the field ous concussion in the battle and said, 'Let's go to the reto preach."

> He said he was asked to the church's Sunday School

"I'd never been to Sunday "The prisoners wanted School," he said. "I didn't know what to say."

Gable's devotion to God then left to starve. The bod- led him to organize and build ies were stacked five or six three Baptist churches, in deep. Some of the survivors Fort Smith, Beebe and Little

> Staff writer Daniel A. Marsh can be reached at (501) 399-3688 or dmarsh@arkansasonline.







Colobratics



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Fighting 69th shipped out for American boys, then surren-England from New York.

"When you woke up, you couldn't see anything but water," he said. "It took more than one ship to carry our regiment. We could hear depth charges going off torcycles. "All I ever rode was all around us when we got a bicycle, so I started up one father and tried going back

off the tip of his right middle

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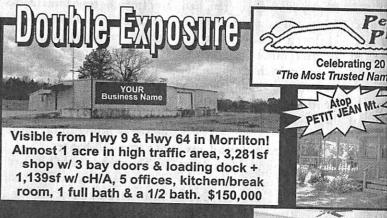
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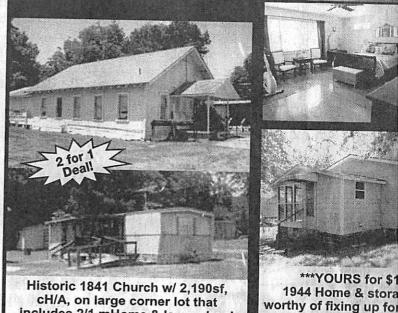
"I felt different and out of place," he said.

He raised a crop with his nearly into Great Britain. We of those motorcycles, and it to school, but he'd missed too

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